# SWEET ADELINES, INC.

#### DIRECTOR CERTIFICATION PROGRAM

|   | SKILL AREA V: MANAGEMENT SKILLS   |
|---|---|
|   | PART II: To be completed by all program participants and evaluated by DMA.  |
|   | NOTE: Part I is available for directors and ass't./assoc. directors only.   |
|   | PARTICIPANT'S NAME LINDAWALLS CHAPTER HOCKING VALLEY DATE 7/6/94  |
|   | Classification: Director Ass't./Assoc. Director Other   |
|   |   |
|   | INSTRUCTIONS: Respond to each of the following items as indicated.  |
| 5 | 1. List five (5) ways you could assist your director if you were an assistant director of a 40-voice chorus. (5 points possible)  1. Offer to Yulpout with tasks she doesn't like to do.  2. See loyal  3. Be reliable  4. See able to sun a reheareal in director's absence  5. Supportive-  6. Confidentiality-trust  7. Attend reheareals regularly  2. Describe how you would develop an effective music team if you were the director of a 65-voice chorus. (3 points possible)  1. Pecognize & list areas of need.  3. Listablish positions what suit have needs.  3. Listablish positions what suit have needs.  4. Listablish procedures necessary to make it work. |
| + | 3. What are the key ingredients of a good working relationship between the chorus director and board of directors? (2 points possible)  1. Keep the lines of communication open.  2. Listen to concerns of the board.  3. Director should keep board involved in what she's doing.  4. Roles of Director & Board should be clearly defined.  5. Board doesn't use too much rehearsal thre.  6. Support.  Total points, Part II 10 : 2 = Score, Part II 5  |

SKILL AREA VI:  $\frac{\text{JUDGING CATEGORIES}}{\text{(To be completed by program participant)}}$ 

| PARTICIPANT'S NAME LINDA WALLS CHAPTER HOCKING VALLEY DATE 1/03/9  |
|--|
| 0.1  |
|  |
| INSTRUCTIONS: Write the correct answer in each blank.  |
| 1. In the music category, 40% of your score has to do with the arrangement.  |
| 2. In the sound category, $30\%$ of your score relates to artistic sound.  |
| 3. In the expression category, lyric interpretation accounts for 60% of your score.  |
| 4. In the showmanship category, 70% of your score is focused on pertenauce.  |
| 5. The number of different chords (major triad, minor 7th, for instance) used in barbershop arrangements is                      |
| 6. The number of total points available for a two-song performance in a regional competition is $800$ .                          |
| 7 In order to be eligible for an International award at your regional competition, your total score must be 300 points or above. |
| How many categories are affected by harmony accuracy?  |
| 9. Which category scoresheet has a picture of the barbershop cone? Sould   |
| 10. In case of a tie score, the score in the MUSIC category breaks the tie.  |
|  |
|  |
| To be completed by DMA:  |
| Total correct answers Score Score  |
| Signed:  DMA Date 1-24-94  Misser Greene   |
| missey Incene  |

| SKILL | AREA | VI: | JUDGING CATEGORIES |    |           |    |         |            |     |
|-------|------|-----|--------------------|----|-----------|----|---------|------------|-----|
|       |      |     | (To                | be | completed | by | program | participar | nt) |

| PARTICIPANT'S NAME _                 | LINDA WA                            | 1272 CHA           | PTER HOCKING    | 6 VALLEY DATE 7/11/9       | 1 |
|--------------------------------------|-------------------------------------|--------------------|-----------------|----------------------------|---|
| Classification: I                    | Director                            |                    | Ass't./Assoc.   | Other                      |   |
| INSTRUCTIONS: Write                  | the correct ans                     | swer in eac        | ch blank.       |                            |   |
| X In the music cat                   | egory, 70% of                       | your score         | e has to do wit | n the arrangement.         |   |
| In the sound cat                     | egory, <u>40 %</u> of               | your score         | e relates to ar | tistic sound.              |   |
| In the expression score.             | on category, lyn                    | ric interp         | retation accoun | ts for <u>/0</u> % of your |   |
| X. In the showmansh                  | nip category, 70                    | 0% of your         | score is focus  | ed on Selling song.        |   |
| 5: The number of di used in barbersh |                                     |                    |                 | for instance)              |   |
| 6. The number of to competition is   | otal points ava:                    | ilable for         | a two-song per  | formance in a regional     | L |
| 7 In order to be e competition, you  | eligible for an<br>er total score r | Internationst be 4 | onal award at y | our regional<br>above.     |   |
| 8. How many categor                  |                                     |                    |                 |                            |   |
| 9. Which category s                  | coresheet has a                     | a picture          | of the barbersh | op cone? Saund             |   |
| 10. In case of a tie                 | score, the sco                      | ore in the         | muoic ca        | tegory breaks the tie      |   |
|                                      |                                     |                    |                 |                            |   |
| To be completed by D                 | MA:                                 |                    |                 |                            |   |
| Total correct answer                 | s <u>5</u> scor                     | re <u>5</u>        |                 |                            |   |
|                                      |                                     |                    |                 |                            |   |
| Signed:                              |                                     | OMA Date           | e               |                            |   |

| SKILL AREA VII: VOCAL PRODUCTION KNOWLEDGE  (To be completed by program participant)                          |
|---|
| PARTICIPANT'S NAME LINDA WALLS CHAPTER HOCKING VALLEY DATE 8-4-9,   |
| Classification: Director Ass't./Assoc Other   |
| INSTRUCTIONS: Write the letter of the correct answer in the blank to the left of each of the following items: |
|   |
| a. epiglottis b. larynx c. soft palate d. glottis e. cricoid  |
| 2. The primary resonator in the human voice is the  |
| a. hyoid bone b. larynx c. pharynx d. diaphragm e. external and internal intercostals                         |
| 3. In singing, muscles that interfere with vocal freedom are the muscles.                                     |
| a. swallowing b. abdominal c. intercostals d. diaphragm e. sternum  |
|   |
| a. vocal cords b. soft palate c. intercostals d. larynx<br>e. diaphragm                                       |
|   |
| a. cricoid cartilage b. epiglottis c. glottis d. sphincter e. soft palate                                     |
| $\Delta$ 6. Amplification of the voice is called  |
| a. phonation b. articulation c. vibrato d. resonation e. harmonics  |
| $\mathcal{E}$ 7. One of the muscles of inhalation is the  |
| a. abdominal muscle b. vagus c. internal intercostals d. jaw<br>e. diaphragm                                  |
| 8. Proper phonation is achieved by lifting the  |
| a. abdominal muscles b. jaw c. phrenic nerve d. larynx<br>e. epiglottis                                       |
| d. Closure of the vocal cords is called   |

a. resonation b. articulation c. relaxation d. interference

e. approximation

| <u>C</u> 10.  | For good correct vocal production the must be relaxed and free.  |
|---------------|--|
|               | a. intercostal muscles b. vagus nerve c. jaw d. hyoid bone e. sternum  |
| <u>b</u> _11. | Every sound that is produced, no matter what the source, must have three elements: an actuator, a, and a resonator suitable to the frequency or pitch, produced. |
| ,             | a. articulator b. vibrator c. reflex action d. approximator e. transmittor   |
| <u>d</u> 12.  | Vowels are formed primarily with the   |
|               | a. jaw b. soft palate c. vocal cords d. tongue e. cheek muscles  |
| <u>a</u> 13.  | Intercostal muscles are the muscles which control the  |
|               | a. ribcage expansion b. diaphragm c. drop/lift d. shoulders e. vocal cords   |
| <u>b</u> 14.  | The laryngo-pharynx is the area where pitches are resonated.   |
|               | a. between middle "C" and the "C" an octave higher b. below middle "C" c. above the "C" above middle "C"   |
| <u>b 15.</u>  | The vocal cords are attached to the  |
|               | a. soft palate b. hyoid bone c. pharynx d. epiglottis e. thyroid cartilage   |
| <u>A</u> 16.  | The "middle voice" is used for producing tones   |
|               | <pre>a. between middle "C" and the "C" an octave higher c. above middle "C"</pre>  |
| <u>b</u> 17.  | The area of the pharynx that is closed by the soft palate is   |
|               | a. laryngo-pharynx b. naso-pharynx c. oro-pharynx  |
| 1/8.          | The ventricular bands are  |
| 7             | a. vocal cords b. false vocal cords c. transverse abdominal muscles d. tongue muscles e. jaw muscles   |
| <u>C</u> 19.  | The part of the body <u>not</u> involved in the swallowing mechanism is  |
|               | a. jaw b. tongue c. diaphragm d. lips e. larynx  |

| A |     |        |         |     |         |    |    |         |        |      |      |        |           |
|---|-----|--------|---------|-----|---------|----|----|---------|--------|------|------|--------|-----------|
|   | 20. | Proper | posture | for | singing | is | an | upright | stance | with | body | weight | primarily |

- a. evenly distributed on both feet
- b. on the heels with the legs relaxed
- c. forward on the balls of the feet.

To be completed by the DMA

Signed: MLW for DMA 4 Date 9/4/91

| SKILL AR                                       | TEA VII: VOCAL PRODUCTION KNOWLEDGE (To be completed by program participant)                             |
|--|--|
| PARTICIE                                       | PANT'S NAME LINDAWALLS CHAPTER HOCKING VALLEY DATE 1-19-97   |
| Classi   | fication: Director Ass't./Assoc Other  |
| INSTRUCT of the f                              | TIONS: Write the letter of the correct answer in the blank to the left of each collowing items:          |
| d p 7.   | When we are not singing or speaking, the vocal cords are open. We refer to the space between them as the |
|  | a. epiglottis b. larynx c. soft palate d. glottis e. cricoids  |
|  | The primary resonator in the human voice is the  |
|  | a. hyoid bone b. larynx c. pharynx d. diaphragm e. external and internal intercostals                    |
| <u>A</u> 3.                                    | In singing, muscles that interfere with vocal freedom are the muscles.                                   |
|  | a. swallowing b. abdominal c. intercostals d. diaphragm e. sternum                                       |
| <u>B</u> 4.                                    | For proper resonation, the must be open.   |
|  | a. vocal cords b. soft palate c. intercostals d. larynx e. diaphragm                                     |
| <u>B</u> 5.                                    | When we swallow, the "lid" that closes off the windpipe is called the                                    |
|  | a. cricoid cartilage b. epiglottis c. glottis d. sphincter e. soft palate                                |
| dA &   | Amplification of the voice is called   |
|  | a. phonation b. articulation c. vibrato d. resonation e. harmonics                                       |
| _E_ 7.   | One of the muscles of inhalation is the  |
|  | a. abdominal muscle b. vagus c. internal intercostals d. jaw e. diaphragm                                |
| <u>A</u> 8.                                    | Proper phonation is achieved by lifting the  |
|  | a. abdominal muscles b. jaw c. phrenic nerve d. larynx e. epiglottis                                     |
| <u>D</u> \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ | Closure of the vocal cords is called   |
|  | a. resonation b. articulation c. relaxation d. interference  |

e. approximation

| <u>C</u> | _10.         | For good correct vocal production the must be relaxed and free.  |
|----------|--------------|--|
|          |              | a. intercostal muscles b. vagus nerve c. jaw d. hyoid bone e. sternum  |
| E        |              | Every sound that is produced, no matter what the source, must have three elements: an actuator, a, and a resonator suitable to the frequency or pitch, produced. |
|          |              | a. articulator b. vibrator c. reflex action d. approximator e. transmittor   |
| dA       | _12.         | Vowels are formed primarily with the   |
|          |              | a. jaw b. soft palate c. vocal cords d. tongue e. cheek muscles  |
| A        | _13.         | Intercostal muscles are the muscles which control the  |
|          |              | a. ribcage expansion b. diaphragm c. drop/lift d. shoulders e. vocal cords   |
| B        | _14.         | The laryngo-pharynx is the area where pitches are resonated.   |
|          |              | <pre>a. between middle "C" and the "C" an octave higher c. above the "C" above middle "C"</pre> <pre>b. below middle "C"</pre>                                   |
| e B      | _15.         | The vocal cords are attached to the  |
|          |              | a. soft palate b. hyoid bone c. pharynx d. epiglottis e. thyroid cartilage   |
| A        | _16.         | The "middle voice" is used for producing tones   |
|          |              | a. between middle "C" and the "C" an octave higher b. below middle "C" c. above middle "C"   |
| B        | _17.         | The area of the pharynx that is closed by the soft palate is   |
|          |              | a. laryngo-pharynx b. naso-pharynx c. oro-pharynx  |
| DD       | _18.         | The ventricular bands are  |
|          |              | a. vocal cords b. false vocal cords c. transverse abdominal muscles d. tongue muscles e. jaw muscles   |
| C        | <u>/</u> 19. | The part of the body <u>not</u> involved in the swallowing mechanism is  |
|          |              | a. jaw b. tongue c. diaphragm d. lips e. larynx  |

\_\_\_\_\_\_20. Proper posture for singing is an upright stance with body weight primarily

- a. evenly distributed on both feet
- b. on the heels with the legs relaxed
- c. forward on the balls of the feet.

To be completed by the DMA

Signed: May from Noebkenberg, DMA#4 Date 2-1-90
PCP Coordinator

SKILL AREA VIII: COMMUNICATION SKILLS

PART I: (FOR DIRECTOR OR ASS'T./ASSOC. DIRECTOR)

COMPILATION OF RESULTS
(To be completed by DMA)

PARTICIPANT'S NAME Linda Walls CHAPTER Hocking Valley DATE 7-S-94

Classification: Director Ass't./Assoc. Director

INSTRUCTIONS: Evaluate the participant's communication skills by assigning a numerical rating of 1-5 (5 = excellent; 1 = poor) for each item.

Tot. # of
Pts. Responses Score

The participant:

- 1. Solicits and utilizes input from the chorus.
- 2. Gives clear instructions and communicates expectations.
- 3. Communicates in a positive manner.
- 4. Exhibits enthusiasm.
- 5. Demonstrates a willingness to accept outside assistance.
- 6. Has consistent communication signals (i.e., eye contact, body language, and voice.)
- 7. Offers positive reinforcement.
- 8. Exhibits security in position of director or assistant/associate director (whichever is applicable).
- 9. Accepts constructive criticism well.
- 10. Communicates that the chorus can reach its goals.

Total 39, 34

Total 39.39: 10 = Score, Part I 3.93

Score, Part I \_\_\_\_ + Score, Part II \_\_\_\_ = Total Score \_\_\_\_

Signed: \_\_\_\_\_\_\_, DMA Date \_\_\_\_\_\_

## SWEET ADELINES, INC.

## DIRECTORS CERTIFICATION PROGRAM

| SKILL AREA VIII: COMMUNICATION SKILLS  |   |
|--|---|
| PART II: To be completed by all program participants and evaluated by DMA.   |   |
| NOTE: Part I is available for directors and ass't./assoc. directors only.  |   |
| PARTICIPANT'S NAME <u>LINDAWALLS</u> CHAPTER <u>HOCKING VALLEY</u> DATE <u>7/6/94</u> Classification: Director Ass't./Assoc. Director Other  |   |
| INSTRUCTIONS: Respond to each of the following items as indicated.   |   |
| 1. List five (5) components in a Sweet Adeline director's effective communication with the chorus. (5 points possible)  1. Acceptance of others as they are, 6. Recognition  2. Expression of interest & Concern 7. Enfouragement 8. Respect 9. Careng 9. Careng 10. Body language 11. Eye contact 12. Enthusiasm  |   |
| 2. An individual member consistently makes singing errors and is upsetting to those around her. What communication skills would you utilize in handling this problem? (3 points possible)  2. Use passive words   Swould tell her (alone) that I have 2 tough-mended, tender hearted noticed that a lot of the incorrect nates are 1 tough the truth the truth the truth the principle has much do her passes her for other thengo that mught be good such do her passes. The height that we all have worked really hard that the fall that the able to send unless we can do something about it. I would offer to tello the ask of there's something happening in her life to could be interfering with the learning. | - |
| 3. As a director of a 40-voice chorus, what communication skills would you use to help an insecure assistant director become more confident? (2 points possible)  I thenk it's most important togive the credibility in from of the chorus types my confidence in the ability. I would ask for the chorus support of the. I would encourage the and have the board send the to classes so she can learn on the own.  |   |
| Total 10 : 2 = Score, Part II  |   |

10/88