SWEET ADELINES, INC.

DIRECTOR CERTIFICATION PROGRAM

SKILL AREA IV: TEACHING SKILLS/A (FOR DIRECTOR OR ASS'T./ASSOC. DIRECTOR)

> COMPILATION OF RESULTS (To be completed by DMA)

PARTICIPANT'S NAME Molly Huffman	CHAPTER Spirit	of Evansville	DATE	E 7-18-	96
Classification: Director X	Ass't./Assoc.				
INSTRUCTIONS: Evaluate the participant's to rating of 1-5 (5 = excellent; 1 = poor) for	eaching skills by each item.	assigning	a nu	merical	
		Tot.	# c	f ponses	Score
1. Methods of teaching:a. A songb. Vocal skillsc. Section work		42 43 40	* · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	9 9	= 4.66 = 4.77 = 4.44
2. Clarity of language		43	*	9	= 4.77
3. Logical progression of learning		43	*	9	= 4.77
4. Vocal inflection		_44	<u> </u>	9	= 4.88
5. Body language		44	*	9	= 4.88
6. Facial expression		44	÷ _	9	= 4.88
7. Maintains attention and control of th	e group	42	÷	9	= 4.66
8. Presentation of material is appropria of the group	te to the level	44	<u>•</u> -	9	= 4.98
			5	TOTAL	47.59
Total 47.59 : 5 = Score 9.51					
Ciamada Maria Gella ha + a calabrat for	1 - 4	10 01			

Signed:/Wry 6 Clen Mentzelman, DCP, DMA # 4 Date 1-18-96

DESTROY ALL COPIES OF QUESTIONNAIRES COMPLETED BY INDIVIDUAL CHORUS MEMBERS

DIRECTOR CERTIFICATION SKILLS

SKILL AREA V: MANAGEMENT SKILLS

PART I: (FOR DIRECTOR OR ASS'T./ASSOC. DIRECTOR)

COMPILATION OF RESULTS (To be completed by DMA)

PARTICIPANT'S NAME Molly	Huffman	CHAPTER Spirit of E	- Vansvil	le D	ATE 7-	18-96
Classification: Director		Ass't./Assoc. Directo	or			
INSTRUCTIONS: Evaluate the properties of 1-5 (5 =	participant's m excellent; 1 =	anagement skills by as = poor) for each item.	ssignir	ng a		
1. The participant selects assist her in the chapte	and utilizes cher's musical pro	norus members to ogram.		res	sponses	Score = <u>4.55</u>
2. The participant provides members.	training for t	the music staff	<u>39</u>	_	9	= <u>4/33</u>
3. The participant delegates strength in special area	s duties to mens.	nbers showing	39	÷ .	9	= <u>4.33</u>
4. The participant works effadministration.	fectively with	chapter	<u>39</u>	•	9	= <u>4.33</u>
5. The participant develops team that makes it possil receive assistance.	ole for each in	dividual to	<u>38</u>			= <u>4.22</u> 21.76
Total <u>Al.76</u> : 5 = Score, Signed: <u>Mary Ellen Gus</u>	Part I <u>4.</u> etzelman DCF	35 Coord for, DMA#41	Date			<u> </u>
DESTROY ALL COPIES OF QUESTIO	NNAIRES COMPLE	TED BY INDIVIDUAL CHOR	US MEN	IBER S	3.	
Score, Part I <u>4.35</u> + S	core, Part II _	= Total	Score		_	

SWEET ADELINES, INC.

DIRECTOR CERTIFICATION PROGRAM

SKILL AREA V: MANAGEMENT SKILLS
PART II: To be completed by all program participants and evaluated by DMA.
NOTE: Part I is available for directors and ass't./assoc. directors only.
PARTICIPANT'S NAME MOLLY HUFFMAN CHAPTER CAPITAL CITY DATE 7-22-96 Classification: Director Ass't./Assoc. Director Other
Classification: Director Ass't./Assoc. Director Other
INSTRUCTIONS: Respond to each of the following items as indicated.
1. List five (5) ways you could assist your director if you were an assistant director of a 40-voice chorus. (5 points possible)
1) I WOULD HELP HER WITH A SECTION OR SECTIONS. 2) I WOULD ASSIST HER WITH THE VOCAL EXERCISE DERIOD. 3) I WOULD ASSIST HER WITH THE TAYING PROGRAM. 4) I WOULD TEACH SONGS/CLASSES AS REQUESTED BY THE DIRECTOR. 5) I WOULD DIRECT PERFORMANCES/CONDUCT REHEARSALS AS REQUESTED BY THE DIRECTOR.
2. Describe how you would develop an effective music team if you were the director of a 65-voice chorus. (3 points possible) 1) I WOULD SELECT TWO SECTION LEADERS FOR EACH SECTION BASED ON MUSIC TEACHING SET I WOULD HAVE ONGOING TRAINING FOR SECTION LEADERS
3) I WOULD TRAIN A GROUP OF TAPING ASSISTANTS IN ADDITION TO THE SECTION LEADER 4) I WOULD UTILIZE ONE OR TWO ASSISTANT DIRECTORS. THEY WOULD ASSIST IN MUSIC SELECTION, OVERSEE THE SECTION LEADERS, ASSIST IN PLANNING REHEARSALS AND SHOWS AND TEACH / DIRECT SONGS WHEN REQUESTED.
3. What are the key ingredients of a good working relationship between the chorus director and board of directors? (2 points possible)
COMMUNICATION!

Total points, Part II 10 : 2 = Score, Part II 5

SWEET ADELINES INTERNATIONAL DIRECTORS CERTIFICATION PROGRAM

SKILL AREA VI: JUDGING CATEGORIES (To be completed by program participant)

0644B/4-93

PARTICIPANT'S NAME MOLLY HUFFMAN CHAPTER CAPITAL CITY DATE 6-28-90
Classification: Director/Co-Director Assoc./Ass't. Director Candidate
INSTRUCTIONS: Write the correct answer in each blank.
1. In the music category, 40% of your score has to do with the arrangement.
2. In the sound category, 30% of your score relates to artistic sound.
3. In the expression category, lyric interpretation accounts for 60% of your score.
4. In the showmanship category, 70% of your score is focused on fevermance
5. The number of different chords (major triad, minor 7th, for instance) used in barbershop arrangements is//
6. The number of total points available for a two-song performance in a regional competition is 900.
7. In order to be eligible for an International award at your regional competition, your total score must be 360 points or above.
8. How many categories are affected by harmony accuracy? M. four.
9. Which category scoresheet has a picture of the barbershop cone? Aud.
10. In case of a tie score, the score in the category breaks the tie.
To be completed by DMA:
Total correct answers 10 Score 10
Jour Correct disacts 10 Scote 10
Signed: Mary Ellen Guttelman, DCP Coard, DMA4, Date 6-28-96

d. interference

DIRECTOR CERTIFICATION PROGRAM

SKILL AF	(To be completed by progra		
PARTICIE	PANT'S NAME Mosly Huffman CH.	APTER Capital City	DATE 7/22/90
		Ass't./Assoc	
INSTRUCT of the f	CIONS: Write the letter of the corrections items:	ect answer in the blank to tl	ne left of each
<u>d</u> .1.	When we are not singing or speaking the space between them as the	ng, the vocal cords are open	• We refer to
	a. epiglottis b. larynx c	. soft palate d. glottis	e. cricoids
$\frac{C}{C}$ 2.	The primary resonator in the human	n voice is the	
	a. hyoid bone b. larynx c e. external and internal intercost	. pharynx d. diaphragm	
<u>a</u> 3.	In singing, muscles that interfere muscles.	e with vocal freedom are the	
	a. swallowing b. abdominal e. sternum	c. intercostals d. diap	phragm
<u>b</u> 4.	For proper resonation, the	must be open.	
	a. vocal cordsb. soft palatee. diaphragm	c. intercostals d. 1	arynx
<u>b</u> 5.	When we swallow, the "lid" that cl	loses off the windpipe is cal	lled the
	a. cricoid cartilage b. epiglo e. soft palate	ottis c. glottis d. s	phincter
<u>d</u> .6.	Amplification of the voice is call	ed	
	a. phonationb. articulatione. harmonics	c. vibrato d. resonat	ion
<u>C</u> x.	One of the muscles of inhalation i	s the	
	a. abdominal muscle b. vagus e. diaphragm	c. internal intercostals	d. jaw
<u>a</u> 8.	Proper phonation is achieved by li	fting the	
l, c	a. abdominal muscles b. jaw e. epiglottis	c. phrenic nerve d. la	rynx
Alog.	Closure of the vocal cords is call	ed	

a. resonation b. articulation c. relaxation

e. approximation

<u>C</u> 10.	For good correct vocal production the must be relaxed and free.
	a. intercostal muscles b. vagus nerve c. jaw d. hyoid bone e. sternum
<u>b</u> _11.	Every sound that is produced, no matter what the source, must have three elements: an actuator, a, and a resonator suitable to the frequency or pitch, produced.
	a. articulator b. vibrator c. reflex action d. approximator e. transmittor
<u>d</u> 12.	Vowels are formed primarily with the
	a. jaw b. soft palate c. vocal cords d. tongue e. cheek muscles
<u>a</u> 13.	Intercostal muscles are the muscles which control the
	a. ribcage expansion b. diaphragm c. drop/lift d. shoulders e. vocal cords
<u>b</u> _14.	The laryngo-pharynx is the area where pitches are resonated.
	a. between middle "C" and the "C" an octave higher b. below middle "C" c. above the "C" above middle "C"
<u>C</u> .15.	The vocal cords are attached to the
	a. soft palate b. hyoid bone c. pharynx d. epiglottis e. thyroid cartilage
<u>a</u> 16.	The "middle voice" is used for producing tones
	<pre>a. between middle "C" and the "C" an octave higher c. above middle "C"</pre>
<u>C.</u> jv.	The area of the pharynx that is closed by the soft palate is
	a. laryngo-pharynx b. naso-pharynx c. oro-pharynx
<u>0</u> 18.	The ventricular bands are
	a. vocal cordsb. false vocal cordsc. transverse abdominal musclesd. tongue musclese. jaw muscles
<u></u>	The part of the body <u>not</u> involved in the swallowing mechanism is
	a. jaw b. tongue c. diaphragm d. lips e. larynx

a. evenly distributed on both feet b. on the heels with the legs relaxed

c. forward on the balls of the feet.

To be completed by the DMA

Total points $17 \div 2 = Score 8.5$

Signed: Mt Workenberg for DMA #4 Date 7-22-90

DIRECTOR CERTIFICATION PROGRAM

SKILL AREA VII: VOCAL PRODUCTION KNOWLEDGE (To be completed by program participant)
PARTICIPANT'S NAME M. Huffman CHAPTER Muncie DATE 1/15/89
Classification: Director Ass't./Assoc Other
INSTRUCTIONS: Write the letter of the correct answer in the blank to the left of each of the following items:
When we are not singing or speaking, the vocal cords are open. We refer to the space between them as the
a. epiglottis b. larynx c. soft palate d. glottis e. cricoids
2. The primary resonator in the human voice is the
a. hyoid bone b. larynx c. pharynx d. diaphragm e. external and internal intercostals
3. In singing, muscles that interfere with vocal freedom are the
a. swallowing b. abdominal c. intercostals d. diaphragm e. sternum
a. vocal cords b. soft palate c. intercostals d. larynx e. diaphragm
a. cricoid cartilage b. epiglottis c. glottis d. sphincter e. soft palate
\triangle Amplification of the voice is called
a. phonation b. articulation c. vibrato d. resonation e. harmonics
One of the muscles of inhalation is the
a. abdominal muscle b. vagus c. internal intercostals d. jaw e. diaphragm
8. Proper phonation is achieved by lifting the
a. abdominal muscles b. jaw c. phrenic nerve d. larynx e. epiglottis

a. resonation b. articulation c. relaxation d. interference

Closure of the vocal cords is called

e. approximation

	. For good correct vocal production the must be relaxed and free.
	a. intercostal muscles b. vagus nerve c. jaw d. hyoid bone e. sternum
24	Every sound that is produced, no matter what the source, must have three elements: an actuator, a, and a resonator suitable to the frequency or pitch, produced.
	a. articulator b. vibrator c. reflex action d. approximator e. transmittor
12.	Vowels are formed primarily with the
	a. jaw b. soft palate c. vocal cords d. tongue e. cheek muscles
<u>A</u> 13.	Intercostal muscles are the muscles which control the
	a. ribcage expansion b. diaphragm c. drop/lift d. shoulders e. vocal cords
N.	The laryngo-pharynx is the area where pitches are resonated.
	a. between middle "C" and the "C" an octave higherb. below middle "C"c. above the "C" above middle "C"
CN.	The vocal cords are attached to the
	a. soft palate b. hyoid bone c. pharynx d. epiglottis e. thyroid cartilage
<u>a</u> 16.	The "middle voice" is used for producing tones
	<pre>a. between middle "C" and the "C" an octave higher c. above middle "C"</pre> <pre>b. below middle "C"</pre>
a 47.	The area of the pharynx that is closed by the soft palate is
	a. laryngo-pharynx b. naso-pharynx c. oro-pharynx
<u>h</u> 18.	The ventricular bands are
	a. vocal cordsb. false vocal cordsc. transverse abdominal musclesd. tongue musclese. jaw muscles
<u>A</u> 12.	The part of the body <u>not</u> involved in the swallowing mechanism is
	a. jaw b. tongue c. diaphragm d. lips e. larynx

20. Proper posture for singing is an upright stance with body weight primarily

a. evenly distributed on both feet b. on the heels with the legs relaxed

c. forward on the balls of the feet.

To be completed by the DMA

Total points _______ : 2 = Score ____ 5. \(\)

Signed: Mary Lynn Woebkenlung, DMA Date 33 July